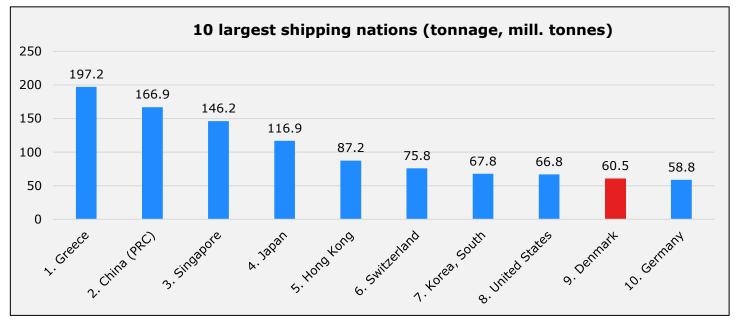
### MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF DENMARK

# GLOBAL STRATEGY FOR MARITIME SECURITY 2025-2028

#### **DENMARK A LEADING MARITIME NATION**

- 9<sup>th</sup> largest maritime nation
- 26,000 employees in national shipping companies
- Largest export industry (shipping is 18% of total exports)



Source: Danish Shipping (2025) based on S&P Maritime Portal

#### **CONTEXT AND BACKGROUND**

- Replaces priority papers with focus on piracy
- → Increasing pressure on rules-based world order and shifting geopolitical landscape highlight need to adapt
- → Need to broaden response to effectively counter emerging threats to freedom of navigation



#### **CENTRAL ELEMENTS**

**Core focus Principles Strategic efforts** 

- Address international maritime security challenges (beyond Danish territorial waters and EEZ).
- Counter threats to **freedom of navigation**, incl. from state-sponsored actors.
- Ensure coordinated, whole-of-government approach.
- Protect Danish **maritime interests** in increasingly complex geopolitical environment.
- Safeguard the rules-based world order (UNCLOS) and compliance with international law.
- Strengthen maritime security through multilateral and regional cooperation.
- Activities at sea.
- Partnerships on information-sharing and effective monitoring of the maritime domain.
- International capacity building and cooperation.

#### 1. ACTIVITIES AT SEA

- Safeguarding freedom of navigation through active support for NATO's maritime policies and efforts.
- Engage in EU maritime operations, and promote EU's role as a maritime security provider.
- Advancing and streamlining maritime security legislation in international forums.



# 2. PARTNERSHIPS ON INFORMATION-SHARING AND EFFECTIVE MONITORING OF THE MARITIME DOMAIN

- Engage in international and regional fora to improve monitoring and effective information exchange.
  - Djibouti Code of Conduct, Yaoundé Code of Conduct
- Support EU as lead in monitoring maritime domain.
  - EMSA, CISE, MARSUR, YARIS, IORIS
- Explore bilateral agreements on information sharing and working towards increased public-private cooperation.



#### 3. INTERNATIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING AND COOPERATION

- Support training to build capacity to ensure stabilization and prevent crime that threatens maritime security.
- Address root causes of piracy (poverty, weak institutions, corruption, climate change).
- Africa-led solutions to African problems (Africa Strategy).
- Strengthen local prosecution of maritime crime.
- Strengthen Denmark's role in international and regional cooperation on maritime security.
- Strengthen EU's ability to become African countries' preferred partner on maritime security.



#### NATIONAL CONTACT GROUP FOR MARITIME SECURITY

• Established to review progress, exchange knowledge, and recommend updates to keep national efforts aligned with global developments.

Consists of representatives from public authorities, the shipping and maritime industry, knowledge institutions.

## SCAN TO ACCESS FULL STRATEGY

