Introduction

CRIMARIO is a capacity building project, and was established in 2015

- Support the EU's partner States in the Western Indian Ocean, better govern their maritime zones, because at the end of the day
 - threats and challenges have no borders
 - for trade to flourish
 - sea lines of communication need to be safe and secure.

Over the years, CRIMARIO noted that there was a gap

- secure connectivity and operational coordination at sea, and this is where we have placed our focus
 - developed IORIS info-exchange tool
 - Not an EU tool but an EU-funded tool
 - like-minded players in the Indo-Pacific
 - Today 100 organisations from 45 countries
 - from across East Africa to Latin America.
 - 15 countries in the DCoC use daily
 - EU member States and Operations
 - Other players: NZ, CMF, industry

- What would be your take on having NMISCs have common SOPs?

- A harmonised approach has many advantages,
 - Essential for exchange of **timely and accurate** information
 - and facilitating operational coordination.
 - Especially neighbours
 - \circ have cross border operations
 - o need to support **one-another**
- Adoption of common terminology
 - We all have **different interpretations** of what words mean
 - less chances of misinterpreting situations at sea.
 - **Prioritisation / Categorisation** of targets
- Common understanding of how information is to be communicated
 - What information is to be shared?
 - 4 Ws most pertinent for tracking vessels of interest
 - What **channels/systems** are to be used?
 - What is the communication plan?
 - What is to be **reported**, when and to whom?
- Common understanding of how actions are to be conducted
 Coordination of operations
 - Defining Operational areas
 - Who is to be delegated **lead** responsibility

- Where and when assets are going to be deployed
- Timelines of operations
- Weather considerations
- **Economy of effort in** developing templates
 - Why re-invent the wheel?
 - Vessels of Interest Storyboards
 - Checklist
 - Boarding operations reports
 - Interviewing suspect vessels
- Sharing of Lessons Learnt
 - Common approaches allow partners to compare notes easily when it comes to sharing information / conducting operations
 - Lessons learnt can be documented
 - Archived in an organised manner
 - accessible for all States.
- Exchange of staff

• Subject to availability of funding

- Build trust and confidence in one another
- Exchange experiences
- Capacity-building efforts can be harmonised
 - Training **packaged**
 - **Gaps** easily identified
 - **Donors** can share contributions

- How will this impact the linkage of the NMISCs to the regional Centres?

- Common understanding of terminology, communications procedures and approach should bring a standardised approach to daily business
 - o reporting language
 - o operational expectations
 - o exercise planning and conduct
- What best practices can you share based on the DCoC/JA Objectives that Signatory States can rely on for the success of information sharing modalities including attaining IOC, using common SOPs amongst others.
 - States should be able to decide
 - \circ which information to share and with whom
 - Make sure that information reaches the right people at the right time
 - o Communities among organisations which have common interests
 - Avoid too much information because of limited resources
 - \circ Risk of it being ignored
 - Categorisation of Information

- Info-Exchange Protocol
- Data Protection and Confidentiality
- Security and Encryption Methodology
- How can your organization work with the Signatory States to have them meet IOC and common SOPs?
 - DCoC SOPS provide common definitions,
 - o Definitions
 - Roles and responsibilities
 - o Recommended procedures to be taken for specific actions
 - WHAT to do when case of piracy etc
 - So there is **no need to re-invent** the wheel
 - But how we can support implemented through a joint approach
 - Augment DCoC SOPs with other SOPs
 - Support DCoC as an exercise organiser
 - CRIMARIO has developed information-exchange SOPs
 - **HOW** to exchange information, building on DCOC procedures:
 - harmonising the use of IORIS in 6 regions
 - standardising reporting methodology / terminology;
 - Common language being developed
 - Naming Convention
 - HUB, GECA, THECA, NATCA, OPCA
 - o Institutionalisation of community areas
 - defining the purpose and process to establishing different types of IORIS community areas (CAs);
 - Categorisation of Information
 - o Info-Exchange Protocol
 - Data Protection and Confidentiality
 - o IORIS Security and Encryption Methodology
 - Sharing of best practices related to maritime incidents.

CRIMARIO offers two types of SOPs for Information exchange

- **Regional** IORIS SOPs agreed by the **IORIS Steering Committee**
 - Active across 6 regions across the Indo-Pacific
 - Information from flag States outside neighbourhood
- National IORIS SOP templates
 - offered through SOP workshops
 - adjusted according to the needs of countries
- **Of Note:** Translation offered by Microsoft = Arabic and Swahili